PLWA Annual Members' Meeting

01 July 2023

Outline

- Opening
- System Description
- Minutes
- Treasurer's Report
- Asset Management
- Future Rates
- Salt Water Intrusion
- Water Chemistry

- Cross Connection / Backflow
- PFAS
- Water Conservation
- Communications
- Election of Board Members
- Meeting Close

PLWA

Annual Meeting

PLWA Board Members

- Bill Burnett (President)
- Karl Nielsen (Vice-President)
- Craig Abdelnoor (Secretary)
- John Romanski (Treasurer)

Board Goals

- Provide the Best Quality Water at a Fair Price
- Maintain Facilities and Well
- Efficiently Manage the System's Finances
- Plan for Future System Improvements

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PLWA is a Public Water System

- Group A system: 15 or more service connections
- Community system: regularly serves 15 or more connections year-round, or 25 or more year-round residents (for 180 or more days/year)

Some External Regulations

- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency:
 - 1974 Safe Drinking Water Act (amended 1986 and 1996)
 - Sets standards for public Group A water systems
 - Requires annual Consumer Confidence Reports
- WA Dept. of Health:
 - Group A water supplies Chapter 246–290 WAC
 - Water works operator certification Chapter 246–292 WAC
 - Water System Coordination Act Chapter 246–293 WAC
 - Drinking water operating permits Chapter 246–294 WAC
 - Satellite system management agencies Chapter 246–295 WAC
 - Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan Program Chapter 246– 296 WA
- WA Dept. of Ecology: Water rights, wells, etc.

Some Internal Documents

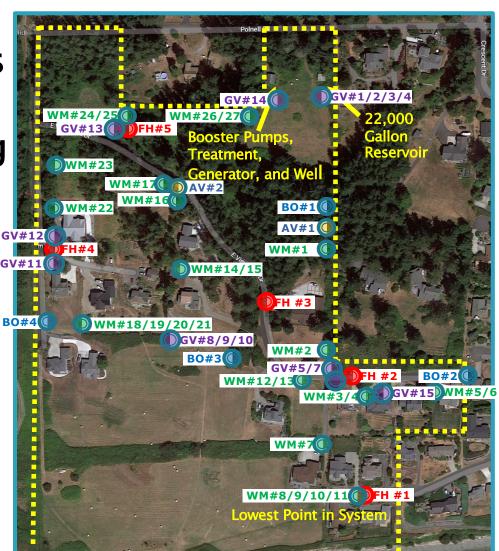
- PLWA Bylaws (Updated 2022)
- PLWA Rules, Regulations and Procedures (New in 2023)
- Available at out website for review / download

PLWA Membership

- System rated for 27 residential connections
 - 24 parcel certificates
 - 23 members
 - 20 parcels connected
 - 19 members currently drawing water
- Only members drawing water can be assessed dues: Bylaws Article VIII "Assessment of Dues and Liens"

PLWA System Diagram

 About a mile's worth of 6"
 PVC pipe tying it all together



Water Flow Process



Power Outage

- Emergency generator powers:
 - Well
 - Booster pumps
- Single propane tank for fuel:
 - Should last a few days
 - Will need to call for propane for prolonged outage

King Water

 PLWA contracts with KING Water Company for repairs and maintenance



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Minutes from Previous Meeting

Craig Abdelnoor- Secretary

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Treasurer's Report

John Romanski- Treasurer

PLWA Treasure's Report: FY2022, Expenses

<u>Budget</u>				
<u>Categories</u>	<u>Description</u>	Sub Categories	<u>Description</u>	Sub-Category Total
OPER	Operating Expense			
		CONTR	Contract Payment to system operator	\$4,349.87
		ELEC	Electricity+Fuel	\$632.61
		TESTRU	Routine testing & water quality Monitoring	\$645.00
		MNTLD	Mowing, landscaping expenses;	\$1,900.00
		INSUR	Insurance	\$2,195.00
		MNTXM	Transmission system maintenance: purging, flushing, etc., leak repair, & pipe location	\$2,082.50
		MNTPH	Routine maintenance of pump house and well equipent	\$476.95
		SLSTX	Seperately enumerated sales tax	\$290.34
			other routine or short term operating	
		OTHER	expenses;	\$311.48
	Total Operating Expenses			\$12,883.75
CAPT	Capital Expense			
			Major repair, addition and/or improvement	
		RESVR	to resevoir structure	\$747.76
	Total Capital Expenses			\$747.76
			Total Expenses, al	\$13,631.51

PLWA Treasure's Report: FY2022, Income & Account Status

		Account Balances at beginning of Period		
		CD 1 Balance	\$40,491.86	
		CD Total		\$40,491.86
		Beginning Checkbook Balance per Bank		\$24,654.10
		Total Bank Accounts Balance		\$65,145.96
		Items paid but not cleared from prior period		\$0.00
		Total available Funds		\$65,145.96
INCOME	Income received during period			
	DUES	Dues income; includes insurance & water fees	\$10,840.00	
	INTEREST	Interest on accounts	\$60.01	
	HOOKUP F	EES Hookup & meter installation fees	\$7,500.00	
	OTHER	other	\$0.00	
		Total Income	\$18,400.01	
		Total Income Less Total Expenses	\$4,768.50	\$4,768.50
		Total available Funds at End of period		\$69,914.46
		Adjustment for Items paid, but not cleared by per	riod end	\$1,060.00
		Bank Balances at End of Period		
		CD 1	\$20,001.62	
		CD Total	\$20,001.62	
		Check Book Balance, per Bank	\$50,972.84	
		Total, All Bank Accounts (statements)		\$70,974.46
		Mismatch		\$0.00

PLWA Treasure's Report: FY2022, Operating Fund & Capital Reserve Fund Balances

OPERATING Fund	
Total at beginning of FY 2022	\$7,145.96
Operating Income (Dues, Interest)	\$10,846.64
Operating Expenses (Contract, flushing, etc.)	\$12,883.75
Difference beteen Operating Income &	
expenses	-\$2,037.11
Transfers to(-)/from(+) Capital Reserve	\$0.00
Operating Fund Balance at end of FY2022	\$5,108.85

Capital Reserve	
Capital Reserve Balance at FY 2022 Begining	\$58,000.00
Capital Fund income (connect fees, interest)	\$7,553.37
Capital expenses (major repairs, renovations)	\$747.76
Difference	\$6,805.61
Transfers to(-)/from(+) Operating Fund	\$0.00
Capital Reserve Balance at end of FY2022	\$64,805.61
Capital reserved for emergencies	\$15,000.00
Available Capital for projects, renovations	\$49,805.61

- The State now requires HOA's to have a capital Reserve Fund. This necessitates the segregation of operating & capital income & expenses.
- A capital reserve is essential for water associations due to the large investment of capital in wells, pumps, filtration equipment, etc.
- The PLWA operating fund covers everyday operational expenses, e.g.: King Water contract, routine testing & monitoring, periodic flushing & cleaning, mowing, blackberry control, electricity, generator fuel & maintenance, etc. Goal is to maintain balance of \$7500 (~ ½ of annual operating costs). Annual Dues should cover annual operating expenses
- The operating fund's income is from dues & checking account interest (~1/2 %)
- Major expenses are charged to the capital reserve. These include improvements, major repairs (e.g., leaks), pump repair & replacement, connection costs
- The capital reserve fund's income consist of connection fees, CD interest (also small) & special assessments.
- A floor of \$15,000 is recommended for the capital reserve fund. These monies are to cover the cost of emergencies which would cause shutdown of the system. These include well pump replacement and major leak repair. The treasurer's opinion is that this amount will cover a such events.

PLWA Treasure's Report: FY2023, Operating Budget vs. Prior Years

2023 Estimated	Basis of estimate	2022 Actual	2021 Actual
\$7.50		\$6.64	\$86.87
\$15,700.00	800x19 drawing water; 5x100, insurance only	\$10,840.00	\$7,990.00
\$0.00		\$0.00	\$0.00
\$15,707.50		\$10,846.64	\$8,076.87
\$4,600.00	Vendor has announced 5% increase in fees	\$4,349.87	\$3,850.00
\$675.00	PSE has anounced a rate increase	\$632.31	\$883.65
\$745.00	12 bacteria tests @ \$35 ea, \$325 for Pb,Cu etc.	\$645.00	\$365.00
\$2,000,00	Looking to put Nate under annual contract. We increased his scope and had an extra reservoir clearing	\$1 900 00	\$691.26
			\$2,014.00
· ·		\$2,082.00	\$745.00
\$1,000.00	\$500 for generator maintenace; \$500 well cover repair	\$476.95	\$250.00
\$325.00	inflation	\$290.34	\$584.05
\$350.00	inflation	\$311.48	\$1,739.77
\$14,645.00		\$12,882.95	\$11,122.73
\$1,062.50		-\$2,036.31	-\$3,045.86
	\$7.50 \$15,700.00 \$0.00 \$15,707.50 \$4,600.00 \$675.00 \$745.00 \$2,000.00 \$2,300.00 \$2,650.00 \$325.00 \$350.00 \$14,645.00	\$7.50 \$15,700.00 800x19 drawing water; 5x100, insurance only \$0.00 \$15,707.50 \$4,600.00 Vendor has announced 5% increase in fees \$675.00 PSE has anounced a rate increase \$745.00 12 bacteria tests @ \$35 ea, \$325 for Pb,Cu etc.	\$7.50 \$6.64 \$15,700.00 800x19 drawing water; 5x100, insurance only \$10,840.00 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$15,707.50 \$10,846.64 \$4,600.00 Vendor has announced 5% increase in fees \$4,349.87 \$675.00 PSE has anounced a rate increase \$632.31 \$745.00 12 bacteria tests @ \$35 ea, \$325 for Pb,Cu etc. \$645.00 Looking to put Nate under annual contract.We increased \$2,000.00 his scope and had an extra reservoir clearing \$1,900.00 \$2,300.00 last year + inflation \$2,195.00 \$2,650.00 \$1450, reservoir cleaning, 4 flushes at \$300 ea \$2,082.00 \$1,000.00 \$500 for generator maintenace; \$500 well cover repair \$476.95 \$325.00 inflation \$290.34 \$350.00 inflation \$311.48 \$14,645.00 \$12,882.95

PLWA Treasure's Report: FY2023 Capital Budget vs. Prior Years

Budget Type:	2023 Estimated	Basis of estimate	2022 Actual	2021 Actual
Capital				
Income				
Interest on CD Accounts	\$55.00		\$53.37	N/A
		Prepayment of connection fee, lot 208; \$21000		
Hook up fees	\$7,500.00	maximum future connection fees	\$7,500.00	\$0.00
Special Assessments				\$0.00
Other Capital Fund Income				\$0.00
Total Capital Reserve Income	\$7,555.00		\$7,553.37	\$0.00
Expenses				
Major repair, replacement, and/or addition to				
pumphouse equipment including pumps, piping				
between pumps & resevoir, purifiers etc.	\$0.00		\$0.00	\$0.00
Major repair or replaceent to distribution lines	\$0.00		\$0.00	\$4,516.13
Major repair or replacement to wells & below				
ground items (e.g screens, wiring)	\$0.00		\$0.00	\$0.00
Major repair, addition and/or improvement to pump				
house building	\$0.00		\$0.00	\$0.00
Major repair, addition and/or improvement to				
resevoir structure	\$0.00		\$747.76	\$0.00
Engineering Services	\$8,200.00	DCG Contract, Testing & Filter Plant Concept Design	\$0.00	\$0.00
Seperately enumerated sales tax	\$0.00		\$0.00	\$0.00
Other capital expenses	\$800.00	prior year	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total Capital Expenses	\$9,000.00		\$747.76	\$4,516.13
Difference; Capital Reserve Income-Expenses	-\$1,445.00		\$6,805.61	-\$4,516.13

PLWA Treasure's Report: FY2023 First Half Financial Summary & Highlights

Financial Summary							
Date	By Bank Accounts	Amount					
6/1/2023	checking	\$55,684.54					
	CD's	\$20,007.45					
	Total	\$75,691.99					

Fund Allocation

Description	Income	Expenses	Operating Fund	Income	Expenses	Capital fund	Total
Start/ Balnce Forwarded			\$5,108.85			\$64,805.61	\$69,914.46
1st Quarter	\$8,614.63	\$3,056.54	\$10,666.94	\$7,505.83	\$2,605.50	\$69,705.94	\$80,372.88
2nd quarter	\$1.93	\$1,614.32	\$9,054.55	\$0.00	\$3,068.50	\$66,637.44	\$75,691.99
(Insert rows above)							
Internal Fund Balances			\$9,054.55			\$66,637.44	\$75,691.99

Income Highlights:

Expense Highlights:

- ~\$8600 dues income
- Received Advance Connection Fee
 ~\$5700 in capital expenses for engineering & related testing
 - Deposit for Cheleek lot 8; \$7500. ~\$4700 in operating expenses billed & paid
 - ~\$2500 for work performed but not yet invoiced nor paid: Management & testing for 3 months, flushing of lines, fix backwash problems, mowing
 - Near term expense: ~ \$2500 insurance

PLWA Treasure's Report: FY2023 First Half Expenses

		Sub	Item	Operating	Capital	Total
Date	Description	Category	Amount	Fund Total	Fund Total	Payment
12/4/2022	DCG Engineering, Services	C6ENGR	2,028.50		2,028.50	2,028.50
12/22/2022	PSE; Electric Bill	P2ELEC	130.24	130.24		130.24
12/19/2022	KW Invoice 25778 Item 1; Contract	P1CONTR	350.00	350.00		
	KW Invoice 25778 Item 2; testing	P3TESTRU	35.00	35.00		385.00
1/2/2023	Invoice for Bought Materials	P7MNTPH	170.78	170.78		
1/2/2023	Sales tax on above	P8SLSTX	15.37	15.37		
1/2/2023	Invoice for Bought Materials	P7MNTPH	29.00	29.00		
1/2/2023	Sales tax on above	P8SLSTX	2.61	2.61		217.76
1/18/2023	KW Invoice 25893 Item 1; Contract	P1CONTR	350.00	350.00		
1/18/2023	KW Invoice 25893 Item 2; testing	P3TESTRU	35.00	35.00		385.00
1/25/2023	KWInvc25893 rev A; additional testing	C6ENGR	337.00		337.00	337.00
1/31/2023	KW Invoice #26130, Item 1; Mngmt Svcs	P1CONTR	350.00	350.00		
1/31/2023	KW Invoice #26130, Item2; Bacteria Test	P3TESTRU	35.00	35.00		
1/31/2023	KW Invoice #26130, Item 3; Alpha/Beta radioactive Test	C6ENGR	120.00		120.00	
1/31/2023	KW Invoice #26130, Item 4, Radium 228 Test	C6ENGR	120.00		120.00	
1/31/2023	KW Invoice #26130, Item 5, WO 23837, Sys Flush	P6MNTXM	270.00	270.00		
1/31/2023	KW Invoice #26130, Item 6, mazzei for O3, Labor	P7MNTPH	180.00	180.00		
1/31/2023	KW Invoice #26130, Item 7 Mazzei Ozone Injector	P7MNTPH	156.00	156.00		
1/31/2023	KW Invoice #26130, Item 8, Sales tax	P8SLSTX	52.72	52.72		1,283.72
2/23/2023	PSE; Electric Bill	P2ELEC	156.82	156.82		156.82
3/3/2023	WIWSA Invo	P9OTHER	38.00	38.00		38.00
3/23/2023	Nathan Barnes, initial payment	P4MNTLD	700.00	700.00		700.00
4/20/2023	KW Invoice #26345, Item 1; Mngmt Svcs	P1CONTR	350.00	350.00		
4/20/2023	KW Invoice #26345, Item2; Bacteria Test	P3TESTRU	35.00	35.00		
	KW Invoice #26345, Item 3, WO 23905, ozone injector					
4/20/2023	replacement labor	P7MNTPH	180.00	180.00		
4/20/2023	KW Invoice #26345, Item 4, Parts: Ozone Mazzie Injector	P7MNTPH	310.05	310.05		
4/20/2023	KW Invoice #26345, Item 5, Sales tax	P8SLSTX	42.63	42.63		
4/20/2023	KW Invoice #26569 Item 1; Water Mgt Services	P1CONTR	368.00	368.00		
4/20/2023	KW Invoice #26569 Item 2; Bacteria test	P3TESTRU	40.00	40.00		
4/20/2023	,	P1CONTR	56.00	56.00		
4/20/2023		P9OTHER	1.00	1.00		
4/20/2023	KW Invoice #26569 Item 5, Sales tax	P8SLSTX	0.09	0.09	_	1,382.77
4/23/2023	,	P2ELEC	231.55	231.55		231.55
	DCG Engineering, Services	C6ENGR	3,068.50		3,068.50	3,068.50
., 2 ., 2025	FY 2023 Summaries:	55251	5,555.56		5,000.50	5,000.50
	1st Quarter	_	5,662.04	3,056.54	2,605.50	5,662.
	1st Quarter		3,002.04	3,030.34	2,003.30	

2nd Quarter

1,614.32

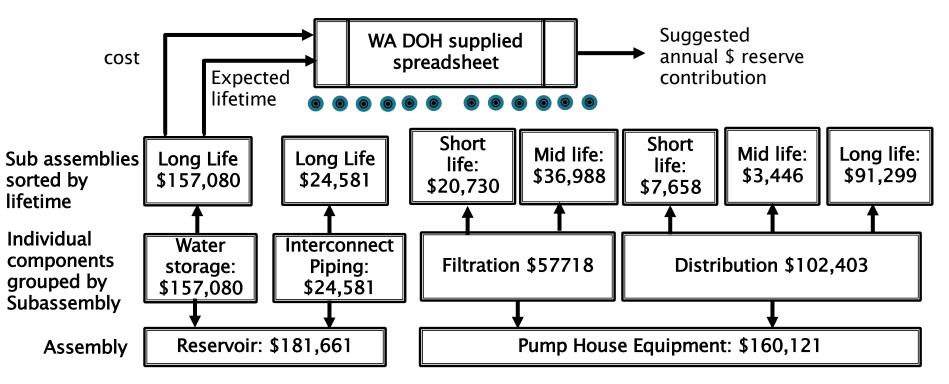
4,670.86

3,068.50

5,674.00

10,344.86

PLWA Treasure's Report: Capital Replacement Plan, Process & Status



Other Assemblies: Pump House Building, Distribution Piping, Well, Generator Status: Asset Inventory Complete, Need to put Data into Wa DOH spreadsheet.

PLWA Treasure's Report: Capital Replacement Plan, Sample Asset Inventory

DISTRIBUTION				\$102,402.67	7	
didtribution, short life						
,	3 HP booster pump	2	\$2,557.00	\$5,114.00	Granger catalog; matches pipe size & power; Goulds 3BF1H1C0	https://www.grainger.com/product/GOULDS-WATER-TECHNOLOGY-Centrifugal-Pump-3-hp-3CCT9
	well head buffer tank	1	\$470.00	\$470.00	Well Trol WX203 32 gal, well head buffer	https://www.supplyhouse.com/Amtrol-WX-203-WX-203-146S30-32-Gal-WELL-X-TROL-Well-Tank-Stand
	backwash Preassure		·		5 ,	
	buffer tank	1	\$287.00	\$287.00	Well Trol WX201, 14 gal	WX-201 - Amtrol WX-201 - WX-201 (143S29), 14 Gal WELL-X-TROL Well Tank (Stand) (supplyhouse.com)
	Sum of above items		\$5,871.00		, 0	
	allowance for Misc &		. ,			
	missed parts	0.1	\$587.10	\$587.10	10%	
	Sub Total			\$6,458.10		
				. ,		
	Labor	8	\$150.00	\$1,200.00		A. J. Bent Smiles Desiral Desi
				. ,		
	distribution, short life					
	assembly subtotal			\$7,658.10		
lidtribution, mid life						
	Hydropneumatic tank					
	controls					
	air volume control for				This appears to be similar to the one there. Note the siz	ze D610 Air Rite Air Compressor (Whitewater Mfg) - \$2,576.87 : Water Softner Parts, Water Softner Parts
	Hydropneumatic tanks	1	\$2,587.00	\$2,587.00	of the tanks drive this up in price.	(watersoftener-parts.com)
	misc. parts	0.1	\$258.70	\$258.70		
	sub total			\$2,845.70		
	labor	4	\$150.00	\$600.00		
						CONTROL
	didtribution, mid life					AN WOOD OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
	assembly sub total			\$3,445.70		A STATE OF THE STA

PLWA Treasure's Report: Capital Replacement Plan, Asset Inventory Summary

		Replacement		Expected lifetime,
Component	Category	cost estimate	Sunmmary Description	years
RESERVOIR		\$181,661		
	Long Life	\$157,080	Storasge Tank	60
	Mid life	\$24,581	Piping & Valves at base	30
PUMP HOUSE EQUIPMENT		\$160,121	Equipment inside the pump house	
Filtration		\$57,718	Receive, filter & store in reservoir	
	Mid life	\$36,988	Filter Tanks, Controllers, Piping	30
	short life	\$20,730	Ozone generator, tank	12
Distribution		\$102,403	Distribute from reservoir to Piping	
	Long Life	\$91,299	Preassure tanks, valves, & Piping	60
	Mid Life	\$3,446	Pressure tank controls	25
	Short Life	\$20,730	Booster Pumps	15
PUMP HOUSE BUILDING		\$39,560		
	Long life	\$35,810	Building, less roof	60
	Mid Life	\$3,750	roof	30
WELL		\$15,490		
	Long life	\$9,600	well drilling & casing	40
	Short Life		pump & wiring	15
GENERATOR		\$12,903		
	Mid Life	\$12,903	Generator set, wiring & fuel storage	25
DISTRIBUTION PIPING		\$1,303,430	~4800' of underground piping	
	Long Life	\$1,224,143	pipes & installation	75
	Mid Life		valves & Hydrants	30
	Short Life		meters	15
SYSTEM ESTIMATED REPLACEMENT COST	Grand Total	\$1,713,165		

Recent Maintenance / Capital Expenditures 2022 - 2023

- Contracted with DCG for engineering analysis (water treatment system replacement)
- Quarterly meter reading
- Quarterly system flushing
- Cleaned reservoir (February 2023) (3-year cycle?)
- Replaced ozone injector (February 2023)
- Repaired well head cover (Summer 2022)
- Installing three water meters Viewpoint Drive (One in June 2023)

Upcoming Maintenance / Capital Expenditures

- Install two more water meters Viewpoint Drive (One done in June 2023)
- Replace filtration system backwash valve
- Remove old / leaning trees near pump house
- Repair / replace hydrant #3 (Viewpoint Dr)
- Install taps / water meter boxes for Lots 9 & 12
- Repair gate valve at well head / pump house

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Three Ways to Evaluate PLWA Water System Value

- Valuation for Accounting Purposes
 - Value accounting for depreciation of assets per accounting and IRS rules
- Valuation for Asset Management Program
 - Establishes replacement costs and Life Expectancy of Assets
- Valuation for Fair Market Value
 - System assets, even depreciated and even in need of replacement, still have a value because they are still functioning

Asset Management

Asset management is a process water and wastewater utilities can use to make sure that planned maintenance can be conducted and capital assets (pumps, motors, pipes, etc.) can be repaired, replaced, or upgraded on time and that there is enough money to pay for it.

Asset Management Process

- Identify/assess/document all PLWA assets
- Assign lifecycle management principals
- Identify projected gaps in operational infrastructure
- Plan for future financial and facilities' needs
- Provide membership transparency for managed resources:
 - Finance
 - Facilities
 - Maintenance
 - Compliance

Water System Expected Useful Life (Years)

Water System Components - Expected Useful Life (Years)															
Source	Corrosion Protection of uctile Iron Pipe, Corrpro companies, Inc.	Water Resource Engineering Linsley/ Franzini 3rd ed, 1979	Asset Management: A Handbook for Small Water Systems, EPA, 2003	EPA, 2005	Long Term Performance Prediction of PVC Pipes, AWWARF, 2005	Environmental Finance Center, New Mexico	Drinking Water Distribution Systems, Assessing and Reduction of Risks, National Academies Press, 2006	Illinois Municipal Treasurers Association, Website 2007	EPA Control and Mitigation of Drinking Water Losses in Distribution Systems, 2009	JM Eagle Pipe Web Page, 2010	Plastics Pipe	AWWA, Burled No Longer Report, 2012	Expected Useful Life Table, Fannie Mae, 2014	Texas Commission () Environment I Quality, 201	USE - First Pass
Component								(40)						30	45
			30-60			50-80	30			10 May 1990					
r Storage Tank (Generic)		50	00 00			Part Services				No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other party of the Concession, Name of Street, or other pa			AND ASSESSMENT		50
rete Water Storage Tank Water Storage Tank	CONTRACTOR OF THE	40		50+								85 70			C900-80 / CL200
Water Storage Tarik		- 50					Section 1	25	50-100	100	50-100	70			80 35
stos Cement		50			100				50		30-100	95			80
Pipe								75	100			85			
E Pipe I Pipe		30-40		40+										25-35	40
le Iron Pipe	75-100										THE RESERVE STREET		No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other Persons, Name of Street, or other Persons, Name of Street, Name of		10
		40-50	25-35								A STORY OF STREET			10-15	15
		STATE OF THE PARTY	1			Section of the second section	40								40
Pump		30	10-15	15			40					N CONTRACTOR OF		40	40
er Meters		30						1		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE				30	40
		50	40-60					50		No. of the last of			-		15
ants			30-60		TO STATE OF THE ST	60-70							15	10-1	15
phouse Bldg				The second second				5			988		25	10-2	20
		18-25	10-15												25
er Pump (Generic)					NAME OF THE OWNER, WHEN							Mar Sun Color Car		7-1	25
dhii Coperator		14-17				25		20		are the second second		See Military and the		35-0	40
ndby Generator				TA CONTRACTOR		20		No. of the last of							15
and Building Electrical					and the second second	to the same of the same		Control of the Control	9 to 70 to 10		Section of the sectio	Section of the Section	15	10-	15
					91 × 10 × 10 × 10 × 10								10		40
es			10-15						District Control of the Control of t				40		

Cane Engineering, 2018a

Water System Expected Useful Life (Years) (cont.)

Component Average Life Expectancy (

Component	Average Life Expectancy (Years)
Water Storage Tank (Generic)	
Concrete Water Storage Tank	45
Steel Water Storage Tank	
Asbestos Cement	50
PVC Pipe	C-900: 80 / CL-200: 70
HDPE Pipe	80
Steel Pipe	35
Ductile Iron Pipe	80
Wells	40
Well Pump	15
wen rump	15
Water Meters	15
	.,,
Hydrants	40
Pumphouse Building	40
Water Pump (Generic)	15
Standby Generator	20
Site and Building Electrical	25
V. I	
Valves	40
Water Treatment	15
water freatment	15
Chain Link Fence	40
Chain Link I chice	1 0

Outline

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PLWA

Annual Meeting

Example Future Rate Structure

Maintenance and	d Operation	IS
	2023/2024	2025 forward
Annual Rate	\$800	\$800+
Tiered Billing Based on <u>Quarterly</u> Usage		
0 - 18,000 gallons		\$0.0
18,001 - 54,000 gallons		\$0.0X/gal
> 54,000 gallons		\$0.0X/gal

Capital Fund				
	2025	2026	2027	
Annual Assessment	\$XXX	\$XXX	\$XXX	

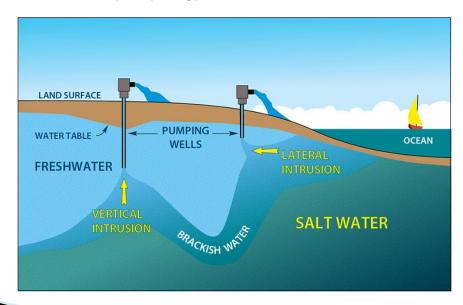
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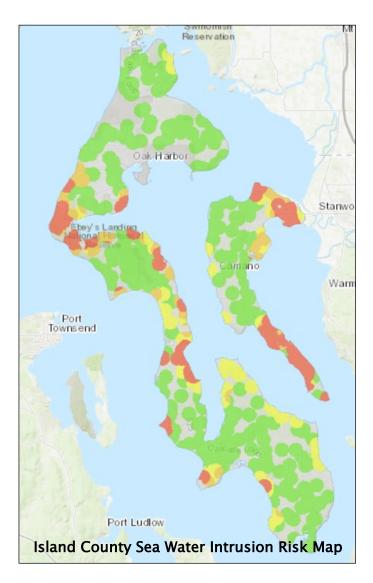
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Well / Saltwater Intrusion Risk

- ALT194 (GM3) Low Risk
- 1160 Old Polnell Rd
- Effective Date 01/01/1970
- LS Elevation 203'
- Well Depth 158'
- TD Elevation 45' MSL
- Maximum capacity 35 gpm





Saltwater Intrusion Data

- Conductivity measures total dissolved solids
- Chloride is the primary indicator

Year	ALT 194 (GM3) Well		
	Conductivity MCL=700 Umhos/cm	Chloride MCL=250 mg/L	
1991	310 / 320 / 310	13 / 14 / 14	
1997	318	20	
2015	260 / 330	20 / 20	
2017	323	13.9	
2018	326	13.4	
2019	329	13.1	

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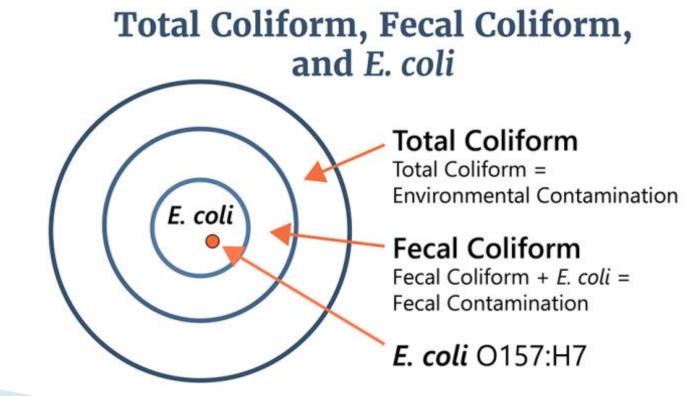
Water Quality Monitoring Schedule

Monthly	Quarterly	Six Months	One Year	Three Year	Nine Year
Coliform	Gross Alpha	Lead (5 Samples)	Total Trihalomethane (THM/TTHM)*	Complete Inorganic (IOC)	Asbestos
	Radium 228	Copper (5 Samples)	Halo-Acetic Acids (HAA5)*	Volatile Organics (VOC)	
			Bromate*	Herbicides	
			Nitrate	Pesticides	
				PFAS	
				Soil Fumigants	

^{*} Disinfectant Byproducts from Water Treatment

Total Coliform

- Tested Positive 27 May 2023 (Five Samples)
- Tested Negative for E. Coli



Disinfectant Byproduct (DBP) Mitigation

DBPs are not known to be a current issue for PLWA

TTHM / HAA5: created by Chlorine as a disinfectant

Bromate: created by Ozone as a disinfectant

Inorganic Concentrations

Contaminant	Results	MCL / Reporting Limit
Iron*	.26 / .09/ .05 / .24 / .10	0.3 mg/L
Hardness*	127.9 / 150 / 140 / 110	10.0 mg/L
Manganese*	.49 / .35 / .64 / .44 / .876	0.05 mg/L
Lead (2022)	.001/.22/.0031/.0226/ .0707/.204	0.0010 mg/L
Copper (2022)	.02/.001/.061/.001/ .001/.010	0.02 mg/L
Radionuclides:		
Radium 228 (2022)	0.2	1.0 pCi/L
Gross Alpha (1993 /2022)	4 / 3	3.0 pCi/L
Gross Beta (1993)	6	50.0 pCi/L
Nitrates	11 tests <mcl -="" 2002="" 2020<="" td=""><td>10.0 mg/L</td></mcl>	10.0 mg/L

^{*} Data from 1997 / 1989 / 1991 / 2015 / 2020

Inorganics Contaminants Mitigation

- Our filtration system removes as much iron and manganese as possible
- Quarterly system flushes aid in water main buildup

Your home softener and filter remove the rest

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Cross Connection

A cross connection is any physical connection between a public or consumer's water system and any source of non-potable liquid, solid or gas that could contaminate the water supply by backflow.

Backflow

- Backflow is the undesirable reversal of the flow of water from its intended direction in a pipeline or plumbing system.
- It can result from a loss of pressure in the public water system (for example, due to a large leak), which can in turn draw non-potable water from the customer's property (fire sprinkler systems, irrigation systems, hot tubs, etc.) into the water system at unprotected cross connections.
- Prevention of backflow at cross connections ("cross connection control") is critical to protecting public health.

What Am I Responsible For?

WAC# 246-290-490 delineates that property owners are required to install and maintain backflow prevention assemblies where they are needed and also speaks to water purveyors' (i.e. PLWA's) responsibilities.

What is the Water System Responsible For?

- PLWA's responsibilities are more specifically delineated in <u>DOH PUB.</u> <u>#331-234</u>, and include:
 - Hazard surveys
 - Installation of backflow preventers to protect the public water system
 - Establishing a record-keeping system
 - Public education

Where is a Backflow Assembly Required?

- A backflow assembly is required wherever there is a possibility of a cross connection between the public water system and a non-potable water source.
- Examples include, but are not limited to:
 - Irrigation systems
 - Boilers
 - Hot tubs
 - Other water-using equipment

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PFAS (Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances)

- PFAS are common chemicals in carpet, food packaging, clothing, and fire fighting foam
- WA State has established "State Action Levels" (SALs) → in the parts-per-trillion range
- PLWA water will be tested for PFAS starting 2023

PFAS	State Action Levels (SALs)
CHEMICALS	Parts per trillion (ppt) is the same as nanograms per liter (ng/L). Sometimes shown in micrograms per liter (µg/L) or parts per billion (ppb).
PFOA	10 ppt (equal to 10 ng/L, 0.010 μg/L or 0.010 ppb)
PFOS	15 ppt (equal to 15 ng/L, 0.015 μg/L or 0.015 ppb)
PFNA	9 ppt (equal to 9 ng/L, 0.009 μg/L or 0.009 ppb)
PFHxS	65 ppt (equal to 65 ng/L, 0.065 μg/L or 0.065 ppb)
PFBS	345 ppt (equal to 345 ng/L, 0.345 μg/L or 0.345 ppb)

EPA Proposed PFAS Limits (as of Mach 2023)

- For six PFAS chemicals:
 - Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)
 - Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS)
 - Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)
 - Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS)
 - Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid (PFBS)
 - Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HFPO-DA, commonly known as GenX Chemicals)

EPA Proposed PFAS Limits (as of Mach 2023) (cont.)

- Non-enforceable Maximum Contaminant Level Goals (MCLGs)
- Proposed MCLs (enforceable levels)

Compound	Proposed MCLG	Proposed MCL (enforceable levels)	
PFOA	Zero	4.0 parts per trillion (ppt) (also expressed as ng/L)	
PFOS	Zero	4.0 ppt	
PFNA			
PFHxS			
PFBS	1.0 (unitless)	1.0 (unitless)	
HFPO-DA (commonly referred to as GenX Chemicals)	Hazard Index	Hazard Index	

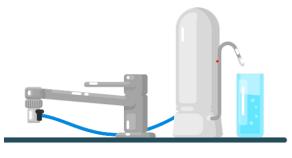
EPA Proposed PFAS Limits (cont.)

- The proposed rule would also require public water systems to:
 - Monitor for these PFAS
 - Notify the public of the levels of these PFAS
 - Reduce the levels of these PFAS in drinking water if they exceed the proposed standards

PFAS (cont.)

PFAS-reducing point-of-use (POU) filters are usually granular activated carbon filters certified by the National Standards Federation to reduce PFOA and PFOS (NSF/ANSI Standard 53, must include claim of PFOA/PFOS reduction), or reverse osmosis filters

"Under the Sink" Style Filter



"Countertop" Style Filter

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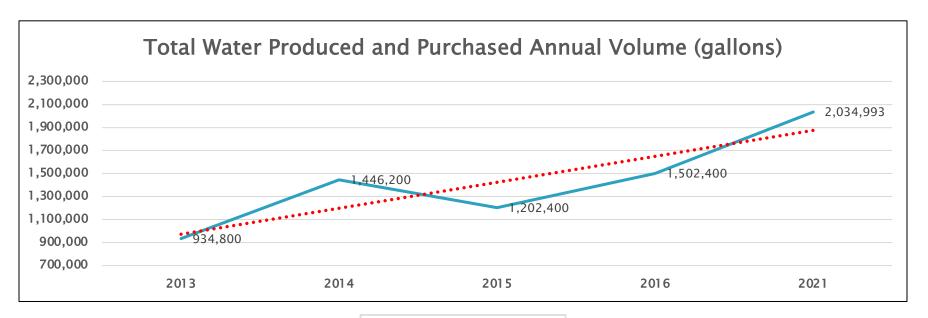
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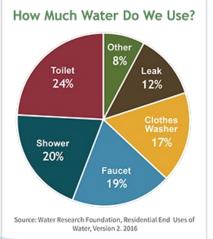
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PLWA Water Rights

- Instantaneous draw rate of 30 gallons per minute from our well
- ▶ 17.5 acre-feet (5,702,392 gallons) per year
- "Waters of the state belong to the public and can't be owned by any individual or group. Instead, a person or group may be granted a right to use a volume of water, for a defined purpose, in a specific place." - quote from Dept. of Ecology website

Total Gallons Pumped

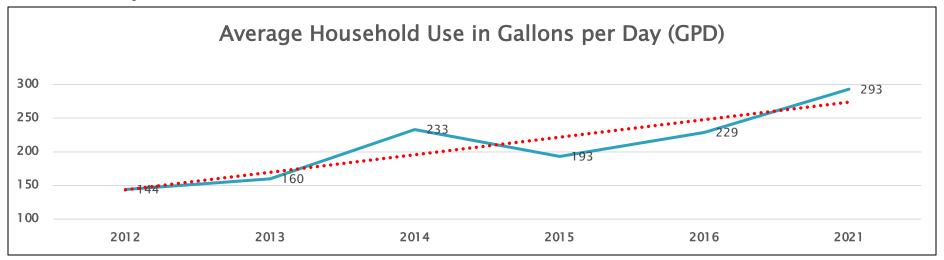




Year	Total Water
2012	790,100
2013	934,800
2014	1,446,200
2015	1,202,400
2016	1,502,400
2021	2,034,993

Average Household use in gallons per day (GPD)

- Average person uses 80-100 GPD for indoor home uses: Source: US Geological Survey
- Average American family uses >300 GPD at home. Roughly 70 percent is indoors: Source: EPA



Year	GPD	~Connections
2012	144	15
2013	160	16
2014	233	17
2015	193	17
2016	229	18
2021	293	19

Water Use Efficiency (Leaks)

- We must report our WUE annually to the state of WA
- PLWA responsible for all leaks up to and including the water meter
- Member responsible for all leaks on their side of the water meter
- Unless all connections are metered and all meters are being read, water use efficiency cannot be measured accurately

Year	Estimated % of Metered Connections	System Leakage (Gallons)	Leak %
2012	< 50%	0	0%
2013	< 50%	0	0%
2014	50% to 75%	0	0%
2015	100%	0	0%
2016	100%	0	0%
2017	No Report	No Report	No Report
2018	No Report	No Report	No Report
2019	100%	0%	0%
2020	No Report	No Report	No Report
2021	>75%	0	0%
2022	Expect in July 2023		

Water Meters

- WAC 480-110-305
- Access to premises.
 - Authorized personnel of a water company have the right to enter a customer's property during reasonable hours to perform meter reading, maintenance, testing, installation or removal of the company's property. Customers may ask to see the identification of the water company personnel before allowing entry to the customer's property.

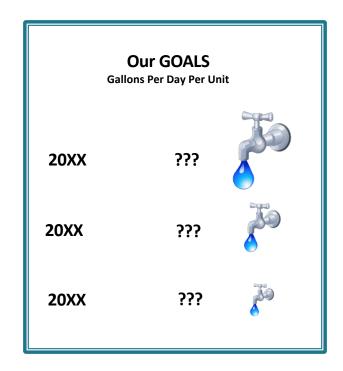
What Can We Do To Conserve?

Check for leaks:

- Hose bib
- Toilet
- Faucets

Check for proper operation

- Irrigation system
- Dishwasher
- Clothes washer
- Water softener
- Pressure pumps



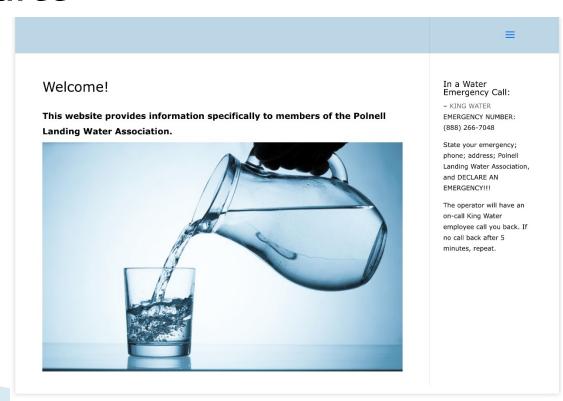
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Website

- https://polnellwater.org
- A communications vehicle
- A Board resource



Website email

- Comes from "info@polnellwater.org":
 - Informational emails (Annual meeting)
 - Emergency alert information
 - Ongoing project information (system flush, well cleaning, other maintenance)
- Please keep your email address current with PLWA and change your privacy settings to receive email from PLWA

Emergency Response Plan

 Our emergency response goal is to protect and inform WWWA members regarding water system emergencies

Major Emergencies

- Pump malfunctions or major line breaks
- Water system or well contamination
- Long term (24+ hours) power outage
- Boil water notice

Emergency Communications

Initial actions:

Water: King Water (1–888–266–7048)

Other: 911

Communications plan:

- Group Email (ONLY if your email is listed with us)
- Emergency notices of need to boil water distributed by King Water to each residence

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Meeting Close